

## 1 VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

2 *An Act to amend and reenact §§ 15.2-915.5, 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.2:2, 18.2-308.2:3,*  
 3 *18.2-308.2:5, 18.2-308.7, and 19.2-386.28 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by*  
 4 *adding sections numbered 18.2-287.4:1, 18.2-308.1:9, and 18.2-309.1, relating to purchase, sale,*  
 5 *transfer, etc., of assault firearms and certain ammunition feeding devices prohibited; penalties.*

6 [S 749]

7 Approved

8 **Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

9 **1. That §§ 15.2-915.5, 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.2:2, 18.2-308.2:3, 18.2-308.2:5, 18.2-308.7, and**  
 10 **19.2-386.28 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is**  
 11 **amended by adding sections numbered 18.2-287.4:1, 18.2-308.1:9, and 18.2-309.1 as follows:**

12 **§ 15.2-915.5. Disposition of firearms acquired by localities.**

13 A. No locality or agent of such locality may participate in any program in which individuals are given a  
 14 thing of value provided by another individual or other entity in exchange for surrendering a firearm to the  
 15 locality or agent of such locality unless (i) the governing body of the locality has enacted an ordinance,  
 16 pursuant to § 15.2-1425, authorizing the participation of the locality or agent of such locality in such program  
 17 or (ii) the program is a voluntary gun buy-back or give-back program for the surrendering of an assault  
 18 firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2:2.

19 B. Any ordinance enacted pursuant to this section shall require that any firearm received, except a firearm  
 20 of the type defined in § 18.2-288 or 18.2-299 or a firearm the transfer for which is prohibited by federal law,  
 21 shall be destroyed by the locality unless the person surrendering the firearm requests in writing that the  
 22 firearm be offered for sale by public auction or sealed bids to a person licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18  
 23 U.S.C. § 921 et seq. Notice of the date, time, and place of any sale conducted pursuant to this subsection shall  
 24 be given by advertisement in at least two newspapers published and having general circulation in the  
 25 Commonwealth, at least one of which shall have general circulation in the locality in which the property to be  
 26 sold is located. At least 30 days shall elapse between publication of the notice and the auction or the date on  
 27 which sealed bids will be opened. Any firearm remaining in possession of the locality or agent of the locality  
 28 after attempts to sell at public auction or by sealed bids shall be disposed of in a manner the locality deems  
 29 proper, which may include destruction of the firearm or, subject to any registration requirements of federal  
 30 law, sale of the firearm to a licensed dealer.

31 **§ 18.2-287.4:1. Importation, sale, manufacture, etc., of assault firearms prohibited; penalty.**

32 A. As used in this section:

33 "Assault firearm" means the same as that term is defined in § 18.2-308.2:2.

34 "Federal firearms licensee" means any person who is licensed pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 923, as amended,  
 35 as a federally licensed firearms dealer, importer, or manufacturer.36 B. Any person who imports, sells, manufactures, purchases, or transfers an assault firearm is guilty of a  
 37 Class 1 misdemeanor.

38 C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to (i) any government officer, agent, law-enforcement  
 39 officer, employee, member of the Armed Forces of the United States, security personnel at a contracted  
 40 defense facility as defined in § 18.2-121.3, or person authorized by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission,  
 41 to the extent that such person is otherwise authorized to acquire or possess an assault firearm and does so  
 42 while acting within the scope of his duties; (ii) the import of an assault firearm by any member of the Armed  
 43 Forces of the United States, or his spouse, who possessed an assault firearm prior to being in the  
 44 Commonwealth and is sent to the Commonwealth under lawful orders; (iii) the import, barter, manufacture,  
 45 transfer, purchase, or sale of an assault firearm by a federal firearms licensee to another federal firearms  
 46 licensee, persons authorized to purchase an assault weapon, any branch of the Armed Forces of the United  
 47 States, senior military colleges in the Commonwealth organized under 10 U.S.C. § 2111a(f), or to a law-  
 48 enforcement officer or agency for use by that agency or its employees; (iv) any member of a cadet corps who  
 49 is recognized by a public institution of higher education while such member is in the performance of lawful  
 50 military training or such member is participating in an official ceremonial event for the Commonwealth; (v)  
 51 the sale of an assault firearm by a person who lawfully purchased and possessed such assault firearm prior  
 52 to July 1, 2026, to a firearms dealer or to an individual outside of the Commonwealth who may lawfully  
 53 possess such assault firearm; (vi) the temporary transfer of an assault firearm by a person who lawfully  
 54 purchased and possessed such assault firearm prior to July 1, 2026, to a federal firearms licensee or  
 55 gunsmith and the return of such assault firearm to its owner; (vii) the receipt of an assault firearm by  
 56 inheritance, and possession of the inherited assault firearm if the decedent lawfully possessed such assault

57 *firearm prior to his death and the person inheriting such assault firearm is not prohibited from possessing*  
 58 *firearms by state or federal law; (viii) an assault firearm temporarily loaned by a firing range operated by a*  
 59 *federal firearms licensee for lawful use solely for target shooting or firearms training within the physical*  
 60 *premises of the firing range; (ix) the import of an assault firearm by a person who lawfully purchased and*  
 61 *possessed such assault firearm prior to July 1, 2026; or (x) the transfer of an assault weapon as a gift to an*  
 62 *immediate family member if the transferor lawfully purchased and possessed the assault firearm prior to July*  
 63 *1, 2026, and the immediate family member to whom the assault firearm is transferred is not prohibited from*  
 64 *possessing firearms under state or federal law. For the purposes of this subdivision, "immediate family*  
 65 *member" means a spouse, children, parents, grandparents, and siblings.*

66 **§ 18.2-308.09. Disqualifications for a concealed handgun permit.**

67 The following persons shall be deemed disqualified from obtaining a permit:

68 1. An individual who is ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2,  
 69 18.2-308.1:3, 18.2-308.1:6, 18.2-308.1:7, ~~or~~ 18.2-308.1:8, or 18.2-308.1:9 or the substantially similar law of  
 70 any other state or of the United States.

71 2. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 and who was  
 72 discharged from the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to § 19.2-182.7 less than five years before the  
 73 date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.

74 3. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 and whose  
 75 competency or capacity was restored pursuant to § 64.2-2012 less than five years before the date of his  
 76 application for a concealed handgun permit.

77 4. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:3 and who was released from  
 78 commitment less than five years before the date of this application for a concealed handgun permit.

79 5. An individual who is subject to a restraining order, or to a protective order and prohibited by  
 80 § 18.2-308.1:4 from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm.

81 6. An individual who is prohibited by § 18.2-308.2 from possessing or transporting a firearm, except that  
 82 a restoration order may be obtained in accordance with subsection C of that section.

83 7. An individual who has been convicted of two or more misdemeanors within the five-year period  
 84 immediately preceding the application, if one of the misdemeanors was a Class 1 misdemeanor, but the judge  
 85 shall have the discretion to deny a permit for two or more misdemeanors that are not Class 1. Traffic  
 86 infractions and misdemeanors set forth in Title 46.2 shall not be considered for purposes of this  
 87 disqualification.

88 8. An individual who is addicted to, or is an unlawful user or distributor of, marijuana, synthetic  
 89 cannabinoids, or any controlled substance.

90 9. An individual who has been convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar local  
 91 ordinance, or of public drunkenness, or of a substantially similar offense under the laws of any other state, the  
 92 District of Columbia, the United States, or its territories within the three-year period immediately preceding  
 93 the application.

94 10. An alien other than an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States.

95 11. An individual who has been discharged from the armed forces of the United States under dishonorable  
 96 conditions.

97 12. An individual who is a fugitive from justice.

98 13. An individual who the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, based on specific acts by the  
 99 applicant, is likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The sheriff, chief of police,  
 100 or attorney for the Commonwealth may submit to the court a sworn, written statement indicating that, in the  
 101 opinion of such sheriff, chief of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth, based upon a disqualifying  
 102 conviction or upon the specific acts set forth in the statement, the applicant is likely to use a weapon  
 103 unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The statement of the sheriff, chief of police, or the attorney for  
 104 the Commonwealth shall be based upon personal knowledge of such individual or of a deputy sheriff, police  
 105 officer, or assistant attorney for the Commonwealth of the specific acts, or upon a written statement made  
 106 under oath before a notary public of a competent person having personal knowledge of the specific acts.

107 14. An individual who has been convicted of any assault, assault and battery, sexual battery, discharging  
 108 of a firearm in violation of § 18.2-280 or 18.2-286.1 or brandishing of a firearm in violation of § 18.2-282  
 109 within the three-year period immediately preceding the application.

110 15. An individual who has been convicted of stalking.

111 16. An individual whose previous convictions or adjudications of delinquency were based on an offense  
 112 that would have been at the time of conviction a felony if committed by an adult under the laws of any state,  
 113 the District of Columbia, the United States or its territories. For purposes of this disqualifier, only convictions  
 114 occurring within 16 years following the later of the date of (i) the conviction or adjudication or (ii) release  
 115 from any incarceration imposed upon such conviction or adjudication shall be deemed to be "previous  
 116 convictions." Disqualification under this subdivision shall not apply to an individual with previous  
 117 adjudications of delinquency who has completed a term of service of no less than two years in the Armed  
 118 Forces of the United States and, if such person has been discharged from the Armed Forces of the United

119 States, received an honorable discharge.

120 17. An individual who has a felony charge pending or a charge pending for an offense listed in  
121 subdivision 14 or 15.

122 18. An individual who has received mental health treatment or substance abuse treatment in a residential  
123 setting within five years prior to the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.

124 19. An individual not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, who, within the three-year period  
125 immediately preceding the application for the permit, was found guilty of any criminal offense set forth in  
126 Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.), or former § 18.2-248.1:1 or of a  
127 criminal offense of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, or any controlled  
128 substance, under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

129 20. An individual, not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, with respect to whom, within the  
130 three-year period immediately preceding the application, upon a charge of any criminal offense set forth in  
131 Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.), or former § 18.2-248.1:1 or upon a  
132 charge of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, or any controlled substance  
133 under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories, the trial court  
134 found that the facts of the case were sufficient for a finding of guilt and disposed of the case pursuant to  
135 § 18.2-251 or the substantially similar law of any other state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or  
136 its territories.

137 **§ 18.2-308.1:9. Purchase, possession, or transportation of firearm following conviction for importation,  
138 sale, possession, etc., of assault firearm; penalty.**

139 *A. Any person who knowingly and intentionally purchases, possesses, or transports any firearm following  
140 a misdemeanor conviction for a violation of § 18.2-287.4:1 is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.*

141 *B. Any person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-287.4:1 or this section shall be prohibited from  
142 purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm for three years following the date of such conviction at  
143 which point the person convicted of such offense shall no longer be prohibited from purchasing, possessing,  
144 or transporting a firearm pursuant to this section. Such person shall have his firearm rights restored, unless  
145 such person receives another disqualifying conviction, is subject to a protective order that would restrict his  
146 rights to carry a firearm, or is otherwise prohibited by law from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a  
147 firearm.*

148 **§ 18.2-308.2:1. Prohibiting the selling, etc., of firearms to certain persons; penalties.**

149 Any person who sells, barter, gives, or furnishes, or has in his possession or under his control with the  
150 intent of selling, bartering, giving, or furnishing, any firearm to any person he knows is prohibited from  
151 possessing or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, or 18.2-308.1:3, subsection B  
152 of § 18.2-308.1:4, § 18.2-308.1:6 or 18.2-308.2, subsection B of § 18.2-308.2:01, or § 18.2-308.7 is guilty of  
153 a Class 4 felony.

154 Any person who sells, barter, gives, or furnishes, or has in his possession or under his control with the  
155 intent of selling, bartering, giving, or furnishing, any firearm to any person he knows is prohibited from  
156 purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:7 ~~or~~, 18.2-308.1:8, *or 18.2-308.1:9*  
157 is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

158 However, this prohibition shall not be applicable when the person convicted of the felony or  
159 misdemeanor, adjudicated delinquent, or acquitted by reason of insanity has (i) been issued a permit pursuant  
160 to subsection C of § 18.2-308.2 or been granted relief pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-308.1:1 or  
161 § 18.2-308.1:2 or 18.2-308.1:3; (ii) been pardoned or had his political disabilities removed in accordance with  
162 subsection B of § 18.2-308.2; or (iii) obtained a permit to ship, transport, possess, or receive firearms  
163 pursuant to the laws of the United States.

164 **§ 18.2-308.2:2. Criminal history record information check required for the transfer of certain  
165 firearms.**

166 A. Any person purchasing from a dealer a firearm as ~~herein~~ defined *in this section* shall consent in  
167 writing, on a form to be provided by the Department of State Police, to have the dealer obtain criminal history  
168 record information. Such form shall include only the written consent; the name, birth date, gender, race,  
169 citizenship, and social security number and/or any other identification number; the number of firearms by  
170 category intended to be sold, rented, traded, or transferred; and answers by the applicant to the following  
171 questions: (i) has the applicant been convicted of a felony offense or a misdemeanor offense listed in  
172 § 18.2-308.1:8 *or 18.2-308.1:9* or found guilty or adjudicated delinquent as a juvenile 14 years of age or  
173 older at the time of the offense of a delinquent act that if committed by an adult would be a felony or a  
174 misdemeanor listed in § 18.2-308.1:8 *or 18.2-308.1:9*; (ii) is the applicant subject to a court order restraining  
175 the applicant from harassing, stalking, or threatening the applicant's child or intimate partner, or a child of  
176 such partner, or is the applicant subject to a protective order; (iii) has the applicant ever been acquitted by  
177 reason of insanity and prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm pursuant to  
178 § 18.2-308.1:1 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction, been adjudicated legally  
179 incompetent, mentally incapacitated, or adjudicated an incapacitated person and prohibited from purchasing a  
180 firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction, been

181 involuntarily admitted to an inpatient facility or involuntarily ordered to outpatient mental health treatment  
182 and prohibited from purchasing a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:3 or any substantially similar law of any  
183 other jurisdiction, or been the subject of a temporary detention order pursuant to § 37.2-809 and subsequently  
184 agreed to a voluntary admission pursuant to § 37.2-805; and (iv) is the applicant subject to an emergency  
185 substantial risk order or a substantial risk order entered pursuant to § 19.2-152.13 or 19.2-152.14 and  
186 prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:6 or any  
187 substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction.

188 B. 1. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade, or transfer from his inventory any such firearm to any other person  
189 who is a resident of Virginia until he has (i) obtained written consent and the other information on the consent  
190 form specified in subsection A, and provided the Department of State Police with the name, birth date,  
191 gender, race, citizenship, and social security and/or any other identification number and the number of  
192 firearms by category intended to be sold, rented, traded, or transferred and (ii) requested criminal history  
193 record information by a telephone call to or other communication authorized by the State Police and is  
194 authorized by subdivision 2 to complete the sale or other such transfer. To establish personal identification  
195 and residence in Virginia for purposes of this section, a dealer must require any prospective purchaser to  
196 present one photo-identification form issued by a governmental agency of the Commonwealth or by the  
197 United States Department of Defense or a special identification card without a photograph issued pursuant to  
198 § 46.2-345.2 that demonstrates that the prospective purchaser resides in Virginia. For the purposes of this  
199 section and establishment of residency for firearm purchase, residency of a member of the armed forces shall  
200 include both the state in which the member's permanent duty post is located and any nearby state in which the  
201 member resides and from which he commutes to the permanent duty post. A member of the armed forces  
202 whose photo identification issued by the Department of Defense does not have a Virginia address may  
203 establish his Virginia residency with such photo identification and either permanent orders assigning the  
204 purchaser to a duty post, including the Pentagon, in Virginia or the purchaser's Leave and Earnings  
205 Statement. When the identification presented to a dealer by the prospective purchaser is a driver's license or  
206 other photo identification issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles or a special identification card without  
207 a photograph issued pursuant to § 46.2-345.2, and such identification form or card contains a date of issue,  
208 the dealer shall not, except for a renewed driver's license or other photo identification issued by the  
209 Department of Motor Vehicles or a renewed special identification card without a photograph issued pursuant  
210 to § 46.2-345.2, sell or otherwise transfer a firearm to the prospective purchaser until 30 days after the date of  
211 issue of an original or duplicate driver's license or special identification card without a photograph unless the  
212 prospective purchaser also presents a copy of his Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles driver's record  
213 showing that the original date of issue of the driver's license was more than 30 days prior to the attempted  
214 purchase.

215 In addition, no dealer shall sell, rent, trade, or transfer from his inventory any assault firearm to any  
216 person who is not a citizen of the United States or who is not a person lawfully admitted for permanent  
217 residence.

218 Upon receipt of the request for a criminal history record information check, the State Police shall (a)  
219 review its criminal history record information to determine if the buyer or transferee is prohibited from  
220 possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law, (b) inform the dealer if its record indicates that  
221 the buyer or transferee is so prohibited, and (c) provide the dealer with a unique reference number for that  
222 inquiry.

223 2. The State Police shall provide its response to the requesting dealer during the dealer's request or by  
224 return call without delay. A dealer who fulfills the requirements of subdivision 1 and is told by the State  
225 Police that a response will not be available by the end of the dealer's fifth business day may immediately  
226 complete the sale or transfer and shall not be deemed in violation of this section with respect to such sale or  
227 transfer.

228 3. Except as required by subsection D of § 9.1-132, the State Police shall not maintain records longer than  
229 30 days, except for multiple handgun transactions for which records shall be maintained for 12 months, from  
230 any dealer's request for a criminal history record information check pertaining to a buyer or transferee who is  
231 not found to be prohibited from possessing and transporting a firearm under state or federal law. However,  
232 the log on requests made may be maintained for a period of 12 months, and such log shall consist of the name  
233 of the purchaser, the dealer identification number, the unique approval number, and the transaction date.

234 4. On the last day of the week following the sale or transfer of any firearm, the dealer shall mail or deliver  
235 the written consent form required by subsection A to the Department of State Police. The State Police shall  
236 immediately initiate a search of all available criminal history record information to determine if the purchaser  
237 is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm under state or federal law. If the search discloses  
238 information indicating that the buyer or transferee is so prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm,  
239 the State Police shall inform the chief law-enforcement officer in the jurisdiction where the sale or transfer  
240 occurred and the dealer without delay.

241 5. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, rifles and shotguns may be purchased by persons  
242 who are citizens of the United States or persons lawfully admitted for permanent residence but residents of

243 other states under the terms of subsections A and B upon furnishing the dealer with one photo-identification  
 244 form issued by a governmental agency of the person's state of residence and one other form of identification  
 245 determined to be acceptable by the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

246 6. For the purposes of this subsection, the phrase "dealer's fifth business day" does not include December  
 247 25.

248 C. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade, or transfer from his inventory any firearm, except when the transaction  
 249 involves a rifle or a shotgun and can be accomplished pursuant to the provisions of subdivision B 5, to any  
 250 person who is a dual resident of Virginia and another state pursuant to applicable federal law unless he has  
 251 first obtained from the Department of State Police a report indicating that a search of all available criminal  
 252 history record information has not disclosed that the person is prohibited from possessing or transporting a  
 253 firearm under state or federal law.

254 To establish personal identification and dual resident eligibility for purposes of this subsection, a dealer  
 255 shall require any prospective purchaser to present one photo-identification form issued by a governmental  
 256 agency of the prospective purchaser's state of legal residence and other documentation of dual residence  
 257 within the Commonwealth. The other documentation of dual residence in the Commonwealth may include (i)  
 258 evidence of currently paid personal property tax or real estate tax or a current (a) lease, (b) utility or telephone  
 259 bill, (c) voter registration card, (d) bank check, (e) passport, (f) automobile registration, or (g) hunting or  
 260 fishing license; (ii) other current identification allowed as evidence of residency by 27 C.F.R. § 178.124 and  
 261 ATF Ruling 2001-5; or (iii) other documentation of residence determined to be acceptable by the Department  
 262 of Criminal Justice Services and that corroborates that the prospective purchaser currently resides in Virginia.

263 D. If any buyer or transferee is denied the right to purchase a firearm under this section, he may exercise  
 264 his right of access to and review and correction of criminal history record information under § 9.1-132 or  
 265 institute a civil action as provided in § 9.1-135, provided any such action is initiated within 30 days of such  
 266 denial.

267 E. Any dealer who willfully and intentionally requests, obtains, or seeks to obtain criminal history record  
 268 information under false pretenses, or who willfully and intentionally disseminates or seeks to disseminate  
 269 criminal history record information except as authorized in this section, ~~shall be~~ is guilty of a Class 2  
 270 misdemeanor.

271 F. For purposes of this section:

272 "Actual buyer" means a person who executes the consent form required in subsection B or C, or other  
 273 such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law.

274 "Antique firearm" means:

275 1. Any firearm (including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of  
 276 ignition system) manufactured in or before 1898;

277 2. Any replica of any firearm described in subdivision 1 of this definition if such replica (i) is not designed  
 278 or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition or (ii) uses rimfire or  
 279 conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that is not  
 280 readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade;

281 3. Any muzzle-loading rifle, muzzle-loading shotgun, or muzzle-loading pistol that is designed to use  
 282 black powder, or a black powder substitute, and that cannot use fixed ammunition. For purposes of this  
 283 subdivision, the term "antique firearm" shall not include any weapon that incorporates a firearm frame or  
 284 receiver, any firearm that is converted into a muzzle-loading weapon, or any muzzle-loading weapon that can  
 285 be readily converted to fire fixed ammunition by replacing the barrel, bolt, breech-block, or any combination  
 286 thereof; or

287 4. Any curio or relic as defined in this subsection.

288 "Assault firearm" means ~~any~~:

289 1. A semi-automatic center-fire rifle or pistol which expels single or multiple projectiles by action of an  
 290 explosion of a combustible material and is equipped at the time of the offense with a magazine which will  
 291 hold more than 20 rounds of ammunition or designed by the manufacturer to accommodate a silencer or  
 292 equipped with a folding stock with a fixed magazine capacity in excess of 15 rounds;

293 2. A semi-automatic center-fire rifle that has the ability to accept a detachable magazine, not including an  
 294 attached tubular device designed to accept and capable of operating only with .22 caliber rimfire  
 295 ammunition, and that has one or more of the following characteristics: (i) a folding, telescoping, or  
 296 collapsible stock; (ii) a thumbhole stock or pistol grip that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of the  
 297 rifle; (iii) a second handgrip or a protruding grip that can be held by the non-trigger hand; (iv) a grenade  
 298 launcher; or (v) a threaded barrel capable of accepting (a) a muzzle brake, (b) a muzzle compensator, (c) a  
 299 sound suppressor, or (d) a flash suppressor;

300 3. A semi-automatic center-fire pistol that has two or more of the following characteristics: (i) a second  
 301 handgrip or a protruding grip that can be held by the non-trigger hand; (ii) the capacity to accept a  
 302 magazine that attaches to the pistol outside of the pistol grip; (iii) a shroud that is attached to, or partially or  
 303 completely encircles, the barrel and that permits the shooter to hold the pistol with the non-trigger hand  
 304 without being burned; (iv) a threaded barrel capable of accepting (a) a sound suppressor, (b) a flash

305 suppressor, (c) a barrel extender, or (d) a forward handgrip; or (v) a buffer tube, arm brace, or other part  
 306 that protrudes horizontally behind the pistol grip and is designed or redesigned to allow or facilitate the  
 307 firing of a firearm from the shoulder;

308 4. A semi-automatic shotgun that expels single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a  
 309 combustible material that has one of the following characteristics: (i) a folding, telescoping, or collapsible  
 310 stock; (ii) a thumbhole stock or pistol grip that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of the shotgun;  
 311 (iii) the ability to accept a detachable magazine; (iv) a fixed magazine capacity in excess of 15 rounds; or (v)  
 312 any characteristic of like kind as enumerated in clauses (i) through (iv);

313 5. A shotgun with a revolving cylinder;

314 6. A firearm that has the capacity to accept a belt ammunition feeding device; or

315 7. A firearm that has been modified to be operable as an assault firearm as described in subdivisions 1  
 316 through 6.

317 An "assault firearm" does not include any firearm that is an antique firearm, has been rendered  
 318 permanently inoperable, or is manually operated by bolt, pump, lever, or slide action.

319 "Curios or relics" means firearms that are of special interest to collectors by reason of some quality other  
 320 than is associated with firearms intended for sporting use or as offensive or defensive weapons. To be  
 321 recognized as curios or relics, firearms must fall within one of the following categories:

322 1. Firearms that were manufactured at least 50 years prior to the current date, which use rimfire or  
 323 conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that is not  
 324 readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade, but not including replicas thereof;

325 2. Firearms that are certified by the curator of a municipal, state, or federal museum that exhibits firearms  
 326 to be curios or relics of museum interest; and

327 3. Any other firearms that derive a substantial part of their monetary value from the fact that they are  
 328 novel, rare, bizarre, or because of their association with some historical figure, period, or event. Proof of  
 329 qualification of a particular firearm under this category may be established by evidence of present value and  
 330 evidence that like firearms are not available except as collectors' items, or that the value of like firearms  
 331 available in ordinary commercial channels is substantially less.

332 "Dealer" means any person licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.

333 "Firearm" means any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to  
 334 expel single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material.

335 "Handgun" means any pistol or revolver or other firearm originally designed, made and intended to fire  
 336 single or multiple projectiles by means of an explosion of a combustible material from one or more barrels  
 337 when held in one hand.

338 "Lawfully admitted for permanent residence" means the status of having been lawfully accorded the  
 339 privilege of residing permanently in the United States as an immigrant in accordance with the immigration  
 340 laws, such status not having changed.

341 G. The Department of Criminal Justice Services shall promulgate regulations to ensure the identity,  
 342 confidentiality, and security of all records and data provided by the Department of State Police pursuant to  
 343 this section.

344 H. The provisions of this section shall not apply to (i) transactions between persons who are licensed as  
 345 firearms importers or collectors, manufacturers or dealers pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.; (ii) purchases  
 346 by or sales to any law-enforcement officer or agent of the United States, the Commonwealth or any local  
 347 government, or any campus police officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title  
 348 23.1; or (iii) antique firearms or curios or relics.

349 I. The provisions of this section shall not apply to restrict purchase, trade, or transfer of firearms by a  
 350 resident of Virginia when the resident of Virginia makes such purchase, trade, or transfer in another state, in  
 351 which case the laws and regulations of that state and the United States governing the purchase, trade, or  
 352 transfer of firearms shall apply. A National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) check shall  
 353 be performed prior to such purchase, trade, or transfer of firearms.

354 J. All licensed firearms dealers shall collect a fee of \$2 for every transaction for which a criminal history  
 355 record information check is required pursuant to this section, except that a fee of \$5 shall be collected for  
 356 every transaction involving an out-of-state resident. Such fee shall be transmitted to the Department of State  
 357 Police by the last day of the month following the sale for deposit in a special fund for use by the State Police  
 358 to offset the cost of conducting criminal history record information checks under the provisions of this  
 359 section.

360 K. Any person willfully and intentionally making a materially false statement on the consent form  
 361 required in subsection B or C or on such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law ~~shall~~  
 362 ~~be~~ *is* guilty of a Class 5 felony.

363 L. Except as provided in § 18.2-308.2:1, any dealer who willfully and intentionally sells, rents, trades, or  
 364 transfers a firearm in violation of this section ~~shall be~~ *is* guilty of a Class 6 felony.

365 L1. Any person who attempts to solicit, persuade, encourage, or entice any dealer to transfer or otherwise  
 366 convey a firearm other than to the actual buyer, as well as any other person who willfully and intentionally

367 aids or abets such person, ~~shall be~~ *is* guilty of a Class 6 felony. This subsection shall not apply to a federal  
 368 law-enforcement officer or a law-enforcement officer as defined in § 9.1-101, in the performance of his  
 369 official duties, or other person under his direct supervision.

370 M. Any person who purchases a firearm with the intent to (i) resell or otherwise provide such firearm to  
 371 any person who he knows or has reason to believe is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive from a dealer  
 372 a firearm for whatever reason or (ii) transport such firearm out of the Commonwealth to be resold or  
 373 otherwise provided to another person who the transferor knows is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive  
 374 a firearm, ~~shall be~~ *is* guilty of a Class 4 felony and sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment  
 375 of one year. However, if the violation of this subsection involves such a transfer of more than one firearm, the  
 376 person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years. The prohibitions of  
 377 this subsection shall not apply to the purchase of a firearm by a person for the lawful use, possession, or  
 378 transport thereof, pursuant to § 18.2-308.7, by his child, grandchild, or individual for whom he is the legal  
 379 guardian if such child, grandchild, or individual is ineligible, solely because of his age, to purchase a firearm.

380 N. Any person who is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive or possess a firearm in the  
 381 Commonwealth who solicits, employs, or assists any person in violating subsection M ~~shall be~~ *is* guilty of a  
 382 Class 4 felony and shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years.

383 O. Any mandatory minimum sentence imposed under this section shall be served consecutively with any  
 384 other sentence.

385 P. All driver's licenses issued on or after July 1, 1994, shall carry a letter designation indicating whether  
 386 the driver's license is an original, duplicate, or renewed driver's license.

387 Q. Prior to selling, renting, trading, or transferring any firearm owned by the dealer but not in his  
 388 inventory to any other person, a dealer may require such other person to consent to have the dealer obtain  
 389 criminal history record information to determine if such other person is prohibited from possessing or  
 390 transporting a firearm by state or federal law. The Department of State Police shall establish policies and  
 391 procedures in accordance with 28 C.F.R. § 25.6 to permit such determinations to be made by the Department  
 392 of State Police, and the processes established for making such determinations shall conform to the provisions  
 393 of this section.

394 R. Except as provided in subdivisions 1 and 2, it ~~shall be~~ *is* unlawful for any person who is not a licensed  
 395 firearms dealer to purchase more than one handgun within any 30-day period. For the purposes of this  
 396 subsection, "purchase" does not include the exchange or replacement of a handgun by a seller for a handgun  
 397 purchased from such seller by the same person seeking the exchange or replacement within the 30-day period  
 398 immediately preceding the date of exchange or replacement. A violation of this subsection is punishable as a  
 399 Class 1 misdemeanor.

400 1. Purchases in excess of one handgun within a 30-day period may be made upon completion of an  
 401 enhanced background check, as described in this subsection, by special application to the Department of State  
 402 Police listing the number and type of handguns to be purchased and transferred for lawful business or  
 403 personal use, in a collector series, for collections, as a bulk purchase from estate sales, and for similar  
 404 purposes. Such applications shall be signed under oath by the applicant on forms provided by the Department  
 405 of State Police, shall state the purpose for the purchase above the limit, and shall require satisfactory proof of  
 406 residency and identity. Such application shall be in addition to the firearms sales report required by the  
 407 federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF). The Superintendent of State Police  
 408 shall promulgate regulations, pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), for the  
 409 implementation of an application process for purchases of handguns above the limit.

410 Upon being satisfied that these requirements have been met, the Department of State Police shall  
 411 immediately issue to the applicant a nontransferable certificate, which shall be valid for seven days from the  
 412 date of issue. The certificate shall be surrendered to the dealer by the prospective purchaser prior to the  
 413 consummation of such sale and shall be kept on file at the dealer's place of business for inspection as  
 414 provided in § 54.1-4201 for a period of not less than two years. Upon request of any local law-enforcement  
 415 agency, and pursuant to its regulations, the Department of State Police may certify such local  
 416 law-enforcement agency to serve as its agent to receive applications and, upon authorization by the  
 417 Department of State Police, issue certificates immediately pursuant to this subdivision. Applications and  
 418 certificates issued under this subdivision shall be maintained as records as provided in subdivision B 3. The  
 419 Department of State Police shall make available to local law-enforcement agencies all records concerning  
 420 certificates issued pursuant to this subdivision and all records provided for in subdivision B 3.

421 2. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to:

422 a. A law-enforcement agency;

423 b. An agency duly authorized to perform law-enforcement duties;

424 c. A state or local correctional facility;

425 d. A private security company licensed to do business within the Commonwealth;

426 e. The purchase of antique firearms;

427 f. A person whose handgun is stolen or irretrievably lost who deems it essential that such handgun be  
 428 replaced immediately. Such person may purchase another handgun, even if the person has previously

429 purchased a handgun within a 30-day period, provided that (i) the person provides the firearms dealer with a  
430 copy of the official police report or a summary thereof, on forms provided by the Department of State Police,  
431 from the law-enforcement agency that took the report of the lost or stolen handgun; (ii) the official police  
432 report or summary thereof contains the name and address of the handgun owner, a description of the  
433 handgun, the location of the loss or theft, the date of the loss or theft, and the date the loss or theft was  
434 reported to the law-enforcement agency; and (iii) the date of the loss or theft as reflected on the official police  
435 report or summary thereof occurred within 30 days of the person's attempt to replace the handgun. The  
436 firearms dealer shall attach a copy of the official police report or summary thereof to the original copy of the  
437 Virginia firearms transaction report completed for the transaction and retain it for the period prescribed by the  
438 Department of State Police;

439 g. A person who trades in a handgun at the same time he makes a handgun purchase and as a part of the  
440 same transaction, provided that no more than one transaction of this nature is completed per day;

441 h. A person who holds a valid Virginia permit to carry a concealed handgun;

442 i. A person who purchases a handgun in a private sale. For purposes of this subdivision, "private sale"  
443 means a purchase from a person who makes occasional sales, exchanges, or purchases of firearms for the  
444 enhancement of a personal collection of curios or relics or who sells all or part of such collection of curios  
445 and relics; or

446 j. A law-enforcement officer. For purposes of this subdivision, "law-enforcement officer" means any  
447 employee of a police department or sheriff's office that is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or  
448 any political subdivision thereof and who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the  
449 enforcement of the penal, traffic, or highway laws of the Commonwealth.

450 **§ 18.2-308.2:3. Criminal background check required for employees of a gun dealer to transfer**  
451 **firearms; exemptions; penalties.**

452 A. No person, corporation, or proprietorship licensed as a firearms dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et  
453 seq. shall employ any person to act as a seller, whether full-time or part-time, permanent, temporary, paid or  
454 unpaid, for the transfer of firearms under § 18.2-308.2:2, if such employee would be prohibited from  
455 possessing a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, or 18.2-308.1:3, subsection B of § 18.2-308.1:4, or  
456 § 18.2-308.1:6, 18.2-308.1:7, 18.2-308.1:8, 18.2-308.1:9, 18.2-308.2, or 18.2-308.2:01, or is an illegal alien,  
457 or is prohibited from purchasing or transporting a firearm pursuant to subsection A of § 18.2-308.1:4 or  
458 § 18.2-308.1:5.

459 B. Prior to permitting an applicant to begin employment, the dealer shall obtain a written statement or  
460 affirmation from the applicant that he is not disqualified from possessing a firearm and shall submit the  
461 applicant's fingerprints and personal descriptive information to the Central Criminal Records Exchange to be  
462 forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the purpose of obtaining national criminal history  
463 record information regarding the applicant.

464 C. Prior to August 1, 2000, the dealer shall obtain written statements or affirmations from persons  
465 employed before July 1, 2000, to act as a seller under § 18.2-308.2:2 that they are not disqualified from  
466 possessing a firearm. Within five working days of the employee's next birthday, after August 1, 2000, the  
467 dealer shall submit the employee's fingerprints and personal descriptive information to the Central Criminal  
468 Records Exchange to be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the purpose of obtaining  
469 national criminal history record information regarding the request.

470 C1. In lieu of submitting fingerprints pursuant to this section, any dealer holding a valid federal firearms  
471 license (FFL) issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) may submit a sworn and  
472 notarized affidavit to the Department of State Police on a form provided by the Department, stating that the  
473 dealer has been subjected to a record check prior to the issuance and that the FFL was issued by the ATF. The  
474 affidavit may also contain the names of any employees that have been subjected to a record check and  
475 approved by the ATF. This exemption shall apply regardless of whether the FFL was issued in the name of  
476 the dealer or in the name of the business. The affidavit shall contain the valid FFL number, state the name of  
477 each person requesting the exemption, together with each person's identifying information, including their  
478 social security number and the following statement: "I hereby swear, under the penalty of perjury, that as a  
479 condition of obtaining a federal firearms license, each person requesting an exemption in this affidavit has  
480 been subjected to a fingerprint identification check by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and the  
481 Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms subsequently determined that each person satisfied the  
482 requirements of 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq. I understand that any person convicted of making a false statement in  
483 this affidavit is guilty of a Class 5 felony and that in addition to any other penalties imposed by law, a  
484 conviction under this section shall result in the forfeiture of my federal firearms license."

485 D. The Department of State Police, upon receipt of an individual's record or notification that no record  
486 exists, shall submit an eligibility report to the requesting dealer within 30 days of the applicant beginning his  
487 duties for new employees or within 30 days of the applicant's birthday for a person employed prior to July 1,  
488 2000.

489 E. If any applicant is denied employment because of information appearing on the criminal history record  
490 and the applicant disputes the information upon which the denial was based, the Central Criminal Records

491 Exchange shall, upon written request, furnish to the applicant the procedures for obtaining a copy of the  
 492 criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The information provided to the dealer shall  
 493 not be disseminated except as provided in this section.

494 F. The applicant shall bear the cost of obtaining the criminal history record unless the dealer, at his option,  
 495 decides to pay such cost.

496 G. Upon receipt of the request for a criminal history record information check, the State Police shall  
 497 establish a unique number for that firearm seller. Beginning September 1, 2001, the firearm seller's signature,  
 498 firearm seller's number and the dealer's identification number shall be on all firearm transaction forms. The  
 499 State Police shall void the firearm seller's number when a disqualifying record is discovered. The State Police  
 500 may suspend a firearm seller's identification number upon the arrest of the firearm seller for a potentially  
 501 disqualifying crime.

502 H. This section shall not restrict the transfer of a firearm at any place other than at a dealership or at any  
 503 event required to be registered as a gun show.

504 I. Any person who willfully and intentionally requests, obtains, or seeks to obtain criminal history record  
 505 information under false pretenses, or who willfully and intentionally disseminates or seeks to disseminate  
 506 criminal history record information except as authorized by this section and § 18.2-308.2:2, ~~shall be~~ *is* guilty  
 507 of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

508 J. Any person willfully and intentionally making a materially false statement on the personal descriptive  
 509 information required in this section ~~shall be~~ *is* guilty of a Class 5 felony. Any person who offers for transfer  
 510 any firearm in violation of this section ~~shall be~~ *is* guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. Any dealer who willfully  
 511 and knowingly employs or permits a person to act as a firearm seller in violation of this section ~~shall be~~ *is*  
 512 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

513 K. There is no civil liability for any seller for the actions of any purchaser or subsequent transferee of a  
 514 firearm lawfully transferred pursuant to this section.

515 L. The provisions of this section requiring a seller's background check shall not apply to a licensed dealer.

516 M. Any person who willfully and intentionally makes a false statement in the affidavit as set out in  
 517 subdivision C 1 ~~shall be~~ *is* guilty of a Class 5 felony.

518 N. For purposes of this section:

519 "Dealer" means any person, corporation or proprietorship licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921  
 520 et seq.

521 "Firearm" means any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to  
 522 expel single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material.

523 "Place of business" means any place or premises where a dealer may lawfully transfer firearms.

524 "Seller" means for the purpose of any single sale of a firearm any person who is a dealer or an agent of a  
 525 dealer, who may lawfully transfer firearms and who actually performs the criminal background check in  
 526 accordance with the provisions of § 18.2-308.2:2.

527 "Transfer" means any act performed with intent to sell, rent, barter, or trade or otherwise transfer  
 528 ownership or permanent possession of a firearm at the place of business of a dealer.

529 **§ 18.2-308.2:5. Criminal history record information check required to sell firearm; penalties.**

530 A. No person shall sell a firearm for money, goods, services or anything else of value unless he has  
 531 obtained verification from a licensed dealer in firearms that information on the prospective purchaser has  
 532 been submitted for a criminal history record information check as set out in § 18.2-308.2:2 and that a  
 533 determination has been received from the Department of State Police that the prospective purchaser is not  
 534 prohibited under state or federal law from possessing a firearm or such sale is specifically exempted by state  
 535 or federal law. The Department of State Police shall provide a means by which sellers may obtain from  
 536 designated licensed dealers the approval or denial of firearm transfer requests, based on criminal history  
 537 record information checks. The processes established shall conform to the provisions of § 18.2-308.2:2, and  
 538 the definitions and provisions of § 18.2-308.2:2 regarding criminal history record information checks shall  
 539 apply to this section mutatis mutandis. The designated dealer shall collect and disseminate the fees prescribed  
 540 in § 18.2-308.2:2 as required by that section. The dealer may charge and retain an additional fee not to exceed  
 541 \$15 for obtaining a criminal history record information check on behalf of a seller.

542 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A and unless otherwise prohibited by *subsection E* or  
 543 state or federal law, a person may sell a firearm to another person if:

544 1. The sale of a firearm is to an authorized representative of the Commonwealth or any subdivision  
 545 thereof as part of an authorized voluntary gun buy-back or give-back program;

546 2. The sale occurs at a firearms show, as defined in § 54.1-4200, and the seller has received a  
 547 determination from the Department of State Police that the purchaser is not prohibited under state or federal  
 548 law from possessing a firearm in accordance with § 54.1-4201.2; or

549 3. The sale of a firearm is conducted pursuant to § 59.1-148.3, with the exception of a sale conducted  
 550 pursuant to subsection C of § 59.1-148.3.

551 C. Any person who willfully and intentionally sells a firearm to another person without obtaining  
 552 verification in accordance with this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

553 D. Any person who willfully and intentionally purchases a firearm from another person without obtaining  
554 verification in accordance with this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

555 E. No person shall sell an assault firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2:2 for money, goods, services, or  
556 anything else of value.

557 Any person who willfully and intentionally (i) sells an assault firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2:2 to  
558 another person or (ii) purchases an assault firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2:2 from another person is guilty  
559 of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

560 **§ 18.2-308.7. Possession or transportation of certain firearms by persons under the age of 18;**  
561 **penalty.**

562 It shall be unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to knowingly and intentionally possess or  
563 transport a handgun or assault firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2:2 anywhere in the Commonwealth. For the  
564 purposes of this section, "handgun" means any pistol or revolver or other firearm originally designed, made  
565 and intended to fire single or multiple projectiles by means of an explosion of a combustible material from  
566 one or more barrels when held in one hand and "assault firearm" means any (i) semi-automatic centerfire rifle  
567 or pistol which expels single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material and is  
568 equipped at the time of the offense with a magazine which will hold more than 20 rounds of ammunition or  
569 designed by the manufacturer to accommodate a silencer or equipped with a folding stock or (ii) shotgun with  
570 a magazine which will hold more than seven rounds of the longest ammunition for which it is chambered. A  
571 violation of this section shall be is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

572 This section shall not apply to:

573 1. Any person (i) while in his home or on his property; (ii) while in the home or on the property of his  
574 parent, grandparent, or legal guardian; or (iii) while on the property of another who has provided prior  
575 permission, and with the prior permission of his parent or legal guardian if the person has the landowner's  
576 written permission on his person while on such property;

577 2. Any person who, while accompanied by an adult, is at, or going to and from, a lawful shooting range or  
578 firearms educational class, provided that the weapons are unloaded while being transported;

579 3. Any person actually engaged in lawful hunting or going to and from a hunting area or preserve,  
580 provided that the weapons are unloaded while being transported; and

581 4. Any person while carrying out his duties in the Armed Forces of the United States or the National  
582 Guard of this Commonwealth or any other state.

583 **§ 18.2-309.1. Sale, transfer, etc., of certain firearms magazines prohibited; penalty.**

584 A. As used in this section:

585 "Federal firearms licensee" means the same as that term is defined in § 18.2-287.4:1.

586 "Large capacity ammunition feeding device" means a magazine, belt, drum, feed strip, or similar device  
587 that has a capacity of, or that can be readily restored or converted to accept, more than 15 rounds of  
588 ammunition but does not include an attached tubular device designed to accept and capable of operating  
589 only with .22 caliber rimfire ammunition.

590 B. Any person who imports, sells, barter, transfers, or purchases a large capacity ammunition feeding  
591 device is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

592 C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the (i) manufacture by, transfer to, or possession by the  
593 Commonwealth, or a department, agency, or political subdivision of the Commonwealth, of a large capacity  
594 ammunition feeding device; (ii) transfer to or possession by a law-enforcement officer of a large capacity  
595 ammunition feeding device for purposes of law enforcement; (iii) possession of a large capacity ammunition  
596 feeding device by an individual who is retired from service with a law-enforcement agency and is not  
597 otherwise prohibited from receiving ammunition transferred to the individual by the law-enforcement agency  
598 upon his retirement; (iv) import of a large capacity ammunition feeding device by a person who lawfully  
599 purchased and possessed such large capacity ammunition feeding device prior to July 1, 2026; (v) possession  
600 of a large capacity ammunition feeding device that has been permanently modified such that it cannot accept  
601 more than 15 rounds of ammunition; (vi) the sale, barter, or transfer of a large capacity ammunition feeding  
602 device by a person who lawfully purchased and possessed such device prior to July 1, 2026, to a federal  
603 firearms licensee or any recipient outside of the Commonwealth who may lawfully possess such large  
604 capacity ammunition feeding device; or (vii) the import, sale, barter, transfer, purchase, or possession of a  
605 large capacity ammunition feeding device by a federal firearms licensee for the purpose of sale or transfer to  
606 any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, to senior military colleges in the Commonwealth  
607 organized under 10 U.S.C. § 2111a(f), to a law-enforcement agency or officer, to another federal firearms  
608 licensee, or to a recipient outside the Commonwealth who may lawfully possess such large capacity  
609 ammunition feeding device.

610 **§ 19.2-386.28. Forfeiture of weapons, etc., that are concealed, possessed, transported, or carried in**  
611 **violation of law.**

612 If any firearm, stun weapon as defined by § 18.2-308.1, weapon, magazine, auto sear, or trigger activator  
613 is concealed, possessed, transported, or carried in violation of § 18.2-283.1, 18.2-287.01, 18.2-287.4,  
614 18.2-287.4:1, 18.2-308.1:2, 18.2-308.1:3, 18.2-308.1:4, 18.2-308.1:8, 18.2-308.1:9, 18.2-308.2,

615 18.2-308.2:01, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-308.5, 18.2-308.5:1, 18.2-308.7, ~~or~~ 18.2-308.8, *or* 18.2-309.1,  
616 it shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth and disposed of as provided in § 19.2-386.29.  
617 **2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or**  
618 **commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary**  
619 **appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities;**  
620 **therefore, Chapter 725 of the Acts of Assembly of 2025 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing**  
621 **Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of**  
622 **Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of**  
623 **commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.**

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